

834ATH

Description

The 834ATH Flame Retardant Epoxy Encapsulating and Potting Compound is a two-part, economical, electronic-grade, self-extinguishing, flame retardant epoxy that provides excellent physical, chemical, and electrical protection and offers a degree of thermal conductivity.

It protects against static discharges, shocks, vibrations, and mechanical impacts. It is extremely resistant to environmental humidity, salt water, and harsh chemicals. It also helps hide and restrict access to intellectual property, and it much harder to remove than standard epoxy encapsulating compounds.

Applications & Usages

The 834ATH epoxy is used to pot or encapsulate printed circuit assemblies in a protective block. The cured epoxy improves reliability, operational range, and lengthens the life of electrical and electronic parts.

Benefits and Features

- Certified *UL 94V-0* (File # E334302)
- Specification Verified as per UL 746A
- **Excellent Comparative Tracking Index** (400-599 V, PLC = 1)
- Cost effective
- **Increased thermal conductivity**
- Mix ratio 2A:1B compatible with most dispensing equipment
- Resistance to water and humidity allowing submersion if needed
- Protects electronics from moisture, corrosion, fungus, thermal shock, and static discharges
- Free of solvents

Curing & Work Schedule

Properties	Value
Working Life ^{a)}	2 h
Shelf Life	5 y
Full Cure @20 °C [68 °F]	24 h
Full Cure @80 °C [176 °F]	60 min
Full Cure @100 °C [212 °F]	45 min
Storage Temperature	16 to 27 °C
of Unmixed Parts	[61 to 81 °F]

a) Working life and full cure assumes room temperature and 100g. A 10 °C increase can decreases the pot life by half.

ENVIRONMENT ✓ RoHS

✓ REACH compliant

Service Ranges

Properties	Value
Service Temperature	-30 to +175 °C [-22 to +347 °F]
Max Intermittent Temp. ^{a)}	-40 to +200 °C [-40 to 392 °F]

b) Maximum short-term exposure temperature toleration limit—not recommended as a sustained or repeated operation condition



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Principal Components

Name CAS Number

Part A: Epoxide Resin 25068-38-6 + 68609-97-2
Part B: Curing Amide 68410-23-1 + 112-24-3

Aluminum Trihydrate 21645-51-2 1,1-(ethane-1,2-diyl)bis(pentabromobenzene) 84852-53-9 Antimony Trioxide 1309-64-4

Properties of Cured 834ATH

Physical Properties	Method	Value ^a		
Color	Visual	Black		
Density @25 °C [77 °C]		~1.4 g/cm ³		
Hardness	Shore D	85D		
Tensile Elongation	ASTM D 638	6.2%		
Tensile Strength	"	28 N/mm ²	[4,100 lb/in ²]	
Compression Strength	ASTM D 695	99.8 N/mm ²	[14,500 lb/in ²]	
Tensile Impact	ASTM D 1822	8.4 kJ/m ²	[4.0 ft·lb/in ²]	
Izod Impact	ASTM D 256	20 J/m		
Lap Shear Strength (Al alloy 5052)	ASTM D 1002	14.9 N/mm ²	[2,160 lb/in ²]	
Flexural Strength	ASTM D 790	51 N/mm2	[7,400 lb/in2]	
Water Absorption (WAB)		0.15%	- · · · · · · -	
Linear Dimension Change @after 168 h in water	ASTM D1042	0.0037%		
Electric Properties	Method	Value		
Breakdown Voltage @1.514 mm	ASTM D 149	33 kV		
Dielectric Strength	II .	22 kV/mm [550 V/mil]		
Breakdown Voltage @3.175 mm [1/8"]	Reference fit ^b	47 kV		
Dielectric Strength		15 kV/mm [380 V/mil]		
Volume Resistivity @23 °C & 50% RH	ASTM D 257	7 x10 ¹⁴ Ω·cm		
Volume Resistivity @35 °C & 90% RH	"	2 x10 ¹⁴ Ω·cm		
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI)	ASTM D 3628	400 V to 599 V		
		Performance Level Class (PCL) = 1		
Hot Wire Ignition (HWI)	ASTM D3874	120 s		
High Voltage Arc Tracking Rate (HVTR)		121 mm/min		
High Voltage Arc Resistance to Ignition (HVAR)		300 s		
High Voltage, Low Current, Dry Arc Resistance	ASTM D 495	127 s		
High-Current Arc Ignition (HAI)	CSA C22.2	+150 arc		

Note: Specifications are for epoxy samples cured at 65 $^{\circ}$ C for 1 hour, with additional curing time at room temperature for optimal results. For most tests, samples were conditioned at 23 $^{\circ}$ C and 50 $^{\circ}$ RH.

a) $N/mm^2 = mPa$; $Ib/in^2 = psi$;

b) To allow comparison between products, the Tautscher equation was fitted to five experimental dielectric strengths and interpolated for a standard reference thickness of 1/8" (3.175 mm).



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Properties of Cured 834ATH (Continued)

Thermal Properties	Method	Value
Glass Transition Temperature	ASTM D 3481	51 °C [124 °F]
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion		
Below Tg	ASTM E 831	84 ppm/°C
Above Tg	"	178 ppm/°C
Thermal Conductivity @25 °C [77 °C]	ASTM E 1461 92	0.37 W/m·K
Thermal Diffusivity @25 °C [77 °C]	"	2.1 x 10 ⁻⁷ m ² /s
Specific Heat Capacity @25 °C [77 °C]	ASTM E 1269 01	1.2 J/(kg·K)
Heat Deflection Temperature	ASTM D 648	53.7 °C [129 °F]

d) Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (CTE) units are in ppm/°C = in/in/°C \times 10⁻⁶ = unit/unit/°C \times 10⁻⁶

Properties of Uncured 834ATH

Physical Property	Mixture	e (2A:1B)		
Color	Black			
Viscosity @20 °C [73 °F]	5,900 cP [5.9 Pa·s] a)			
Density	1.39 g/mL			
Mix Ratio by weight (A:B)	2.25:1.00			
Mix Ratio by volume (A:B)	2:1			
Physical Property	Part A	Part B		
Color	Black	Black		
Viscosity @24°C [73 °F]	4,600 cP [4.6 Pa·s]	12,900 cP [12.9 Pa⋅s]		
Density	1.40 g/mL	1.26 g/mL		
Flash Point	150 °C [302 °F]	185 °C [365 °F]		
% solids	~98%	100%		
Odor	Mild aromatic	Ammonia like		

a) Brookfield viscometer at 50 RPM with spindle LV4



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Compatibility

Adhesion—As seen in the substrate adhesion table, the 834ATH epoxy adheres to most materials found on printed circuit assemblies; however, it is not compatible with contaminants like water, oil, and greasy flux residues that may affect adhesion. If contamination is present, clean the printed circuit assembly with electronic cleaner such as MG Chemicals 4050 Safety Wash, 406B Superwash, or 824 Isopropyl Alcohol.

Substrate Adhesion in Decreasing Order

Physical Properties	Adhesion	
Aluminum	Stronger	
Steel		
Fiberglass		
Wood		
Paper, Fiber		
Glass		
Rubber		
Polycarbonate	▼	
Acrylic		
Polypropylene ^a	Weaker	

a) Does not bond to polypropylene

Storage

Store between 16 and 27 °C [60 and 80 °F] in dry area away from sunlight. Prolonged storage or storage at or near freezing temperatures can result in crystallization. If crystallization occurs, reconstitute the component to its original state by temporarily warming it to 50 to 60 °C [122 to 140 °F]. To ensure full homogeneity, stir thoroughly the warm component, reincorporating all settled material. Re-secure container lid and let cool down before use.



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Health and Safety

Please see the 834ATH **Material Safety Data Sheet** (MSDS) parts A and B for more details on transportation, storage, handling and other security guidelines.

Part A

HMIS RATING

HEALTH:	2
FLAMMABILITY:	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD:	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION:	



Part B HMIS RATING

HEALTH:	3
FLAMMABILITY:	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD:	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION:	



Health and Safety: The 834ATH parts can ignite if the liquid is both heated and exposed to flames or sparks.

Wear safety glasses or goggles and disposable polyvinyl chloride, neoprene, or nitrile gloves while handling liquids. Part B in particular causes skin burns and may cause sensitization if exposed over a long period of time. The epoxy is black and will not wash off once cured: wear protective work clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after use or if skin contact occurs. Do not ingest.

Use in well-ventilated area since vapors may cause irritation of the respiratory tract and cause respiratory sensitization in susceptible individuals.

The cured epoxy resin presents no known hazard.



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Application Instructions

Follow the procedure below for best results. If you have little or no experience with the 834ATH epoxy, please follow the long instructions instead. The short instructions provided here are not suitable for first time users.

To prepare 2:1 (A:B) epoxy mixture

- 1. Stir and fold the material in the *Part A* container until fully homogenous.
- 2. With a different stirrer, stir and fold the material in the *Part B* container until fully homogenous.
- 3. Measure *two* parts by volume (or weight) of pre-stirred A, and pour in the mixing container.
- 4. Measure **one** part by volume (or weight) of pre-stirred **B**, and slowly pour in the mixing container while stirring.
- 5. Put in a vacuum chamber, bring to 25 Hg/in pressure, and wait for 2 minutes to de-air. —OR—
 - Let sit for 30 minutes to de-air.
- 6. If bubbles are present at top, use the mixing paddle to gently break them.
- 7. Pour mixture into the mold or container containing the components to be encapsulated.

<u>ATTENTION!</u> Mixing >500 g [0.4 L] of Part B at a time into A decreases working life and promotes flash cure. Use of epoxy mixing machines with static stirrer recommended for large volumes. Limit size of handmixed batches.

To room temperature cure the 834ATH epoxy

Let stand for 24 hours.

To heat cure the 834ATH epoxy

Put in oven at 80 °C [176 °F] for 60 minutes.

ATTENTION!

Due to exothermic reaction, heat cure temperatures should be at least 25% below the maximum temperature tolerated by the most fragile PCB component. For larger potting blocks, reduce heat cure temperature by greater margins.



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Packaging and Supporting Products

Product Availability

Cat. No.	Form	Net Volu	me	Net Weight		Shipping We	ight
834ATH-375ML	Liquid	375 mL	12 fl oz	350 mg	16 oz	0.4 kg	0.9 lb
834ATH-3L	Liquid	3 L	0.8 gal	4.05 kg	7.6 lb	4.5 kg	10 lb
834ATH-60L	Liquid	60 L	16.0 gal	15.32 kg	33.8 lb	16.0 kg	35 lb

Supporting Products

8328 Epoxy and Adhesive Cleaner

8329 Epoxy Mold Release (for temperature cures ≤85 °C)

Technical Support

Contact us regarding any questions, improvement suggestions, or problems with this product. Application notes, instructions, and FAQs are located at www.mgchemicals.com.

Email: support@mgchemicals.com

Phone: 1-800-340-0772 Ext. 1030 (Canada, Mexico & USA)

1-905-331-1396 Ext. 1030 (International)

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Warranty

M.G. Chemicals Ltd. warranties this product for 12 months from the date of purchase by the end user. M.G. Chemicals Ltd. makes no claims as to shelf life of this product for the warranty. The liability of M.G. Chemicals Ltd. whether based on its warranty, contracts, or otherwise shall in no case include incidental or consequential damage.

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